

'm sure that many of you have bought homes. Whether you've just bought your first home, have moved into your "dream house," or decided to downsize because the children are gone, you've probably worked with a real estate agent.

When you selected a real estate agent, did you go with one who had his or her own ideas about what it was you should want? Or did you decide to do business with the agent who "knew" you? You know, the real estate agent who doesn't show you condominiums when she knows that you have a dog for which you really need a fenced yard.

This same awareness level is what employer-prospects look for when they conduct business with the life and health insurance agent who works in the worksite marketing/voluntary employee benefits arena. And when it isn't there, the relationship is doomed.

This was the thrust of the agent break-out session, "How to Retain Customers," at the Mass Marketing Insurance Institute's (MI<sup>2</sup>) Annual Meeting, Phoenix, April 30 through May 2. Steve Eisenberg, MI<sup>2</sup> vice president, education, moderated the session.

## Know the Employer-Prospect

Product, price, service, and reputation are important factors that influence business relationships. But according to Ralph Drury, president, The Drury Group, Franklin, Tennessee, the single most important factor often is overlooked: knowing the employer-prospect. He stressed that one of the best ways to keep the prospect coming back is to take the time to know the prospect.

"Knowing the prospect," Mr. Drury says, "is the cornerstone of success in building and establishing long-term relationships."

And relationships, Mr. Drury believes, are a two-way street. The prospect will buy and use the agent's services and products because they meet the prospect's needs. But for the relationship to be a long-term success, "the prospect must be someone the agent knows he can serve well, serve with pleasure, and serve for a profit."

There is no substitute for knowing the prospect. Mr. Drury emphasizes that until the agent knows the prospect, he or she won't provide the most appropriate products, won't provide the best services, and will have a troubled and brief relationship with that prospect.

During his 20 years in the worksite market, Mr. Drury has experienced what can go wrong when the agent doesn't know the prospect. He offers the following case history.

Mr. Drury remembers, "When I first approached the prospect with the idea of offering worksite voluntary enrollment products, the business did not offer any benefits to the employees. And during the first meeting, the prospect gave me the go-ahead.

"Although I experienced moderate success marketing voluntary employee benefits to the employees, the client relationship was all wrong. A red flag should have gone up when the employer was not interested or involved in how the benefit plans worked. Communications were poor between the employer and me and between the employer and employees.

"The odds were against a long-term relationship," Mr. Drury says. "I do not know my prospect, nor did I do homework regarding the industry I was trying to serve. A year later, the company was closed."

The agent should know the prosper so that they can build a good, sold long-term relationship.

Mr. Drury highlighted a successful lationship he has had with an employer since 1978. "Our relationship says, "started out on a positive positive more informed myself about the company reputation, its products, and its his

"The prospect also took its time in get to know me and my services. It is this prospect six months to make initial decision to offer a volume worksite benefit program, because in prospect investigated thorough concept. Various committees reviewed all of the program's aspects, and agers and employees at all levels are involved in the decision."

Mr. Drury remembers this process deliberate, slow, and thoughtful dimensions, he says, his company was and to communicate with different grown in different ways. But when the mass complete, Mr. Drury knew the employer was committed to the and committed to making it was says, "I knew the prospect, and the prospect knew my company."

In addition, when the age knows the prospect, he can act a prospect's advocate and find solve the employer's problems cording to Mr. Drury, the age petition does what the prospect the agent who wants long-term cessful relationships must do

For example, one of Mr. Drup ployer-prospects faced a significant increase for the employer-page

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benefits program, and the employees would experience a large increase for their part of the monthly premium.

"We stepped in," Mr. Drury says, "with a solution that benefited everyone and exceeded the prospect's expectations. With plan changes, the deductible was increased from \$300 to \$1,000, which enabled the employer to pay 100% of the employees' premium and keep its cost the same. The employer did not have a cost increase, so the employer is happy.

"The employees can purchase a supplemental insurance policy for \$25 a month, which pays for the entire deductible. The employees' out-of-pocket expense is the same, so the employees are happy."

Mr. Drury adds that he is happy because his relationship with the employer-prospect is stronger than ever!

## Relationship-Building Tools

Coy Streetman, president, Integrated Benefit Systems, Austin, Texas, followed Mr. Drury's comments regarding the importance of relationship building with his own "nuts and bolts" tips for how to build the relationships that will keep the employer-prospect coming back. They are as follow:

• Have a long-term commitment to worksite marketing in general and to the prospect in particular: The most successful worksite marketing producers are both focused and committed. Mr.

Streetman says that his firm's commitment to both worksite marketing and to his prospects has been compared to that of the Kamikaze pilot on his 39th mission: There is absolute and total commitment, and failure is not an option.

- Always deliver on promises: Mr. Streetman emphasizes that the agent must do what he says he will do, when he says he will do it. "The prospect," he says, "is watching, and the agent's reputation and credibility are based on how he delivers on his commitments."
- Show the prospect what is available: If the agent does not, his competitors will.
- Always provide high-quality products that are underwritten by financially sound carriers that are committed to worksite marketing: Mr. Streetman acknowledges that this can be tricky. "The agent may be committed to worksite marketing," he says, "but carriers can come and go. The agent must never, ever, let commissions or greed determine which products he offers to the prospect. The prospect must come first."
- Provide world-class service: The agent, Mr. Streetman believes, must handle service problems promptly and pay claims promptly.

In addition, he suggests that, as part of the agent's service, the agent should commit to doing timely re-enrollments. This is a technique to which Mr. Streetman refers as "running the traps."

"Many of our traps," he says, "have been producing new business consistently for almost 30 years. This is because our plans were established and sold as an ongoing employee benefit that should be re-enrolled annually. In addition, it is a great time to ask for referrals!"

- Work hard to earn the employerprospect's trust and confidence: Mr. Streetman points out that almost all agents who engage in worksite marketing can represent the same companies and offer the same products. When all things are equal, however, people do business with people they like and trust
- Build a close relationship with the prospect: Mr. Streetman believes that the future is about relationships. Prospects are trying to get away from buying products, and they are moving toward buying relationships. More specifically, prospects want relationships that will provide them with the products and services they want and need from the people they like and trust

"Some of the most frustrated period in our business," Mr. Streetman believes, "are those who are trying to products only. If the agent who does worksite marketing is to survive, I sugest that he learn to move from product sale to the relationship sale."

- Become the prospect's employed benefit adviser: The agent's goal. Most Streetman says, should be to become valued and trusted adviser to the ployer-prospect for every employed benefit need.
- Become referable: The agent.

  Streetman suggests, should ask himself. "Am I referable?" When the agent applies the preceding tips, he will become referable. The agent's prospect have the confidence to refer the about to others when the agent asks. Remaility, Mr. Streetman believes, is greatest leverage the agent can have and referrals are a lot more functioned calls!

Mr. Streetman suggests that the try to evaluate the lifetime value satisfied client. When he tried to exercise, Mr. Streetman said the could not because, to quote Yogi trian't over 'til it's over!"

Mr. Streetman's satisfied clients tinue to be his prospects, and the fer him to other businesses and fessional associations; therefore original satisfied client continues to add value to his firm.

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